



**Healthier
Scotland**
Scottish
Government

Health and Social Care Workforce and Unpaid Carers

Health and Wellbeing Communications Toolkit

Version 3.0
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Introduction

From Clare Haughey MSP, Minister for Mental Health

I recently wrote to you to express my sincere appreciation for the extraordinary work that the health and social care workforce and unpaid carers in our hospitals and community care settings are doing to protect and care for people in these difficult times.

Individuals across health and social care continue to work incredibly hard at this time of unprecedented challenge. We are asking people to work in unfamiliar settings and in situations with little or no certainty. Whether they are based in a hospital setting, care home or in the community, many will be asked to learn new skills and will be working in new roles. We recognise that many will be personally impacted by Coronavirus (COVID-19) and these factors are likely to place emotional burdens on the workforce.

I know you will agree that it is absolutely essential that we maintain support for the mental health and wellbeing of our workforce and unpaid carers. Engaging directly with them will be critical, and we have developed this communications toolkit to provide some practical support and messaging which I hope will complement your response and help you as an employer, support organisation and commissioner of services.

We know that NHS Boards, local authorities and care providers in the independent and third sectors have identified local staff wellbeing champions who have already been involved in establishing local arrangements for supporting staff health and wellbeing. There are some interesting local approaches emerging such as wellbeing hubs. The first meeting of Scotland's Health and Social Care Champions Network for Staff Mental Health and Wellbeing has now taken place. This will enable good practice to be shared across the country, ensuring the wellbeing needs of the health and social care workforce and unpaid carers are at the forefront in the development of national policy, resources and support going forward.

We have encouraged organisations to clearly signpost their workforce to support that can be accessed, including through trade unions and professional bodies. National and local carer services are also providing emotional support to unpaid carers and it is my hope that these resources will be valuable for them too.

Consistency of messaging is of fundamental importance at this challenging time, so we would appreciate your support in sharing these approved messages across your existing networks to ensure that they reach as many members of the workforce as possible.

Thank you again for your extraordinary work.

Clare Haughey MSP
Minister for Mental Health

Supporting Our Workforce and Unpaid Carers

Below we've provided some messages, links and resources on a range of key areas of health and wellbeing which you may find it useful to share. We'll continue adding to these over the coming weeks.

At this time it is vital that we remain consistent in our messaging and support offering to individuals across the health and social care workforce. Therefore we would ask you to use these messages with minimal revisions.

The themes covered in this toolkit are:

- [Staying Safe and Well](#)
- [Emotional Wellbeing](#)
- [Sleep](#)
- [Social Connections](#)
- [Eating Well](#)
- [Physical Activity](#)
- [Resilience](#)
- [Culture and Behaviours](#)
- [Compassionate Leadership](#)
- [The Role of Teams](#)
- [Home Working](#)
- [Dealing with Isolation and Loneliness](#)
- [Managing Uncertainty](#)
- [Alcohol Information](#)
- [Finances, Debt or Having Enough Money](#)
- [Supporting Staff Wellbeing](#)
- [Domestic Abuse](#)

You may also find the materials at the following links useful:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS 24 Breathing Space – social media toolkit.](#)
- [MIND.org - Going Home Checklist](#)

Approved Messages

(The following communications have been signed-off by Ms Haughey, Minister for Mental Health)

Staying Safe and Well

(Message below was circulated in Ms Haughey's letter of 26 March 2020)

You are likely to be under increased pressure over this period and you will need appropriate support. It is going to be crucial that we are all able to talk openly and honestly about our mental health and wellbeing, and that we have access to the right help and support when we need it. Looking after our mental health is just as important as our physical health.

You need care too

Here are some tips for staying safe and well:

Information and social media

- Get timely, accurate and factual information about COVID-19 from a reliable source no more than a couple of times a day.
- If you are feeling stressed or anxious, consider how you feel when you have constant exposure to media coverage and graphic news stories. Although it is important to stay informed, consider taking a break if you feel things are getting on top of you.

Looking after your basic needs

- Take care of your basic needs at work. Eat and drink regularly and healthily. Always take regular breaks during shifts.
- Allow time for sleep, rest and respite between shifts.
- Try and stay as connected to your friends and family as much as possible via technology.
- Where possible, maintain your normal daily routine and a healthy diet, and get fresh air when you can. Avoid using unhelpful coping strategies that involve alcohol, tobacco or an unhealthy diet.
- Think about creating a consistent routine to ensure you get the amount of sleep you need, but also about ensuring your bedroom is quiet, dark and a relaxing environment to sleep in.

Looking after each other

- Speak to colleagues, line managers and professional leaders, building this into your team's daily huddles and handovers. They may be feeling the same way. It's good to talk. Peer and social support are often the best buffers against stress and adversity.
- Look out for each other and share small successes about what's gone well.
- Be kind to each other. This can have a profound impact on staff wellbeing.
- Use the [Going Home Checklist](#), where relevant, to leave work in work.
- It's good to talk, but not all of you will be 'talkers'. That's OK too but make sure you give yourself space to process the events of the day and deal with your feelings.

Additional information

It is perfectly normal to feel worried during exceptional times such as these. However, if you are starting to feel overwhelmed, it's important to acknowledge your feelings and speak to someone you trust, whether that's a friend, a family member, or a colleague. A helpline such as NHS 24 (111) or Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87) may also help.

If you, or someone you know, are experiencing domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home, support and services are still available. We know that domestic abuse can escalate during this period and public health measures to control the spread of COVID-19 like staying at home and social isolation can reduce access to support, creating more opportunities for abuse at home. It is important you know that you are not alone. You can contact services in confidence and be aware that the stay at home message does not apply if someone needs to escape abuse.

You may find the following websites of assistance:

- [NHS Scotland Staff Governance Website](#) - Governance and partnership working
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [NHS Inform](#) – Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) – Mental health support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) - Mental health and psychosocial support

Below, are details of **national helplines** and **online support** if you, or someone you know, are experiencing **domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home**:

- [SafeLives](#) have produced a practical guidance on how to support colleagues experiencing domestic abuse: [Responding to colleagues experiencing domestic abuse](#)
- Resources for managers on violence against women, work and Covid-19 can be found here: <https://www.equallysafeatwork.scot/resources-1/>
- National Domestic Abuse and Forced Marriage Helpline 0800 027 1234 <https://sdafmh.org.uk/>
- Men's Advice Line 0808 801 0327
- Rape Crisis Scotland 08088 01 03 02, <https://www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk/>
- LGBT Scotland 0300 123 2523, <https://www.lgbthealth.org.uk/services-support/helpline/>
- <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-domestic-abuse/>
- Further links can be found through [SaferScot](#).

Emotional Wellbeing

It's OK not to feel OK

This is an unprecedented scenario, and it is okay to feel stressed or anxious at this time. This is entirely normal, and it is highly likely that many of your co-workers, family and friends will be feeling the same way. But if it is not passing or your usual coping strategies aren't helping, think about where you are able to get more support (see additional guidance).

This is something we're all going through together. That means over the coming months, it's going to be crucial that we're all able to talk openly and honestly about our mental health. That also means being able to access the right help and support if you need it.

It is perfectly normal to feel strong feelings during exceptional times such as these. This can include feelings of anger. However, if you are starting to feel overwhelmed, it's important to acknowledge your feelings and speak to someone you trust, whether that's a colleague, a friend or a family member, or a helpline such as NHS 24 (111) or Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87).

Helplines:

NHS 24 (111)

Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87)

Samaritans (116 123)

Online support:

- [NHS Scotland Staff Governance Website](#) - Governance and partnership working
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) – Mental health and psychosocial support
- [NHS Inform](#) - Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) - Mental health support
- [See Me](#) – Resources to help challenge mental health stigma
- [SAMH](#) – Coronavirus mental health information hub
- [NHS – Mental Health Apps](#)
- [Cruse Bereavement Care Scotland](#)
- [Marie Curie](#) - Information and support

Sleep

Sleep well

Allow time for sleep, rest and respite between shifts.

Getting a good sleep is crucial for feeling mentally and physically healthy. We all feel better after a good sleep. Think about creating a consistent routine to ensure you get the amount of sleep you need, but also about ensuring your bedroom is quiet, dark, and a relaxing environment to sleep in.

It is important that you allow yourself to wind down before bedtime. This could include not using social media or your phone an hour before bed, taking a bath or reading.

If possible, try to maintain your normal routine. This means going to bed at the same time and waking at the same time.

Online support:

- [NHS Inform – How to get to sleep](#)
- [Mind](#) - How to cope with sleep problems
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Social Connections

It's good to talk

Speak to colleagues, line managers and professional leaders, building discussions on wellbeing into your team's daily huddles and handovers. They may be feeling the same way. It's good to talk. Peer and social support are often the best buffers against stress and adversity.

It's good to talk, but not all of you will be 'talkers'. That's OK too but make sure you give yourself space to process the events of the day and deal with your feelings.

It is important to try and stay as connected to your friends and family as much as possible via email, video-calling and telephone.

This is something we're all going through together.

If you, or someone you know, are experiencing domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home, support and services are still available. We know that domestic abuse can escalate during this period and public health measures to control the spread of COVID-19 like staying at home and social isolation can reduce access to support, creating more opportunities for abuse at home. It is important you know that you are not alone. You can contact services in confidence and be aware that the stay at home message does not apply if someone needs to escape abuse.

Helplines:

NHS 24 (111)

Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87)

Online support:

- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) - Mental health and psychosocial support
- [NHS Inform](#) - Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) - Mental health support
- [SAMH](#) – Looking after your mental health in challenging times
- [Penumbra](#) – Coronavirus info hub
- [Samaritans](#) – Coronavirus resources
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Below, are details of **national helplines** and **online support** if you, or someone you know, are experiencing **domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home**:

- [SafeLives](#) have produced a practical guidance on how to support colleagues experiencing domestic abuse: [Responding to colleagues experiencing domestic abuse](#)
- Resources for managers on violence against women, work and Covid-19 can be found here: <https://www.equallysafework.scot/resources-1/>
- National Domestic Abuse and Forced Marriage Helpline 0800 027 1234 <https://sdafmh.org.uk/>

- Men's Advice Line 0808 801 0327
- Rape Crisis Scotland 08088 01 03 02, <https://www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk/>
- LGBT Scotland 0300 123 2523, <https://www.lgbthealth.org.uk/services-support/helpline/>
- <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-domestic-abuse/>
- Further links can be found through [SaferScot](#).

Eating Well

Rest, refuel and rehydrate

Try to take regular breaks, where possible away from your workplace or caring responsibilities. Frequent shorter breaks are better for reducing fatigue and stress.

Drinking water often throughout the day will help to keep you hydrated. This is especially important for people wearing PPE for long periods of time.

Life isn't easy at the moment but eating well and as healthily as you can will help your body cope better with the demands placed on you during busy shifts. Focussing your meals and snacks around starchy food such as pasta and rice and filling up on fruit and vegetables will help keep your energy levels maintained.

Where possible, set aside some time to plan your meals and shopping to help you eat healthily when you are busy.

Online support:

- [WHO](#) – Food and nutrition tips during self-quarantine
- [NHS Inform](#) – Food and nutrition
- [Food Standards Scotland](#) – Eat well everyday
- [Parent Club](#) – Eating well at home
- [Priority shopping hours – During Covid-19 outbreak](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Physical Activity

Stay safe, stay active

Being active can help to enhance your mood and wellbeing by reducing stress, anxiety and increasing energy levels. Now more than ever, it's important to move more.

Any amount of physical activity, however small, is good for you. Continuing to enjoy short, local walks, jogs or cycles is a great way to clear your head and stay active. Remember to observe social distancing guidance and stay local or try to build into your daily commute.

You can also stay active at home, by walking up and down stairs, dancing, gardening or taking part in a virtual fitness class. It doesn't matter what you do, as long as you do something that you enjoy and keep moving.

Online support and resources:

- [NHS – Fitness Videos](#)
- Mind - [Physical activity and your mental health](#)
- Sport England - [Stay In, Work Out #StayInWorkOut](#)
- WHO - [Be Active During Covid-19](#)
- Paths for All - [Home based exercises](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Resilience

Keep things in balance as best you can

Being resilient doesn't mean that we're unaffected by the adversity we encounter in life. Instead, resilience refers to the ability to recover, and this ability to "bounce back" depends on the balance between the demands that are made on us and the resources we have available at any given time.

The current pandemic is disrupting this balance as it places extra demands on us while limiting our ability to do the things that help us cope. It can be hard to bounce back when things are so out of kilter

Have a think and/or talk to someone you trust to see if there are any demands that can be reduced, either at work or at home. And what alternative or additional resources might sustain you during this difficult time?

Try to keep things in balance as best you can. Please take care of yourself and make use of the support on offer.

Helplines:

- NHS 24 (111)
- Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87)
- Samaritans (116 123)

Online support:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) - Mental health and psychosocial support
- [NHS Inform](#) - Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) – Mental health support
- [See Me](#) – Talking about mental health during the Coronavirus outbreak
- [SAMH](#) – Coronavirus mental health information hub
- [NHS – Mental Health Apps](#)
- Lifelines - [How to stay well](#)

Culture and Behaviours

As our Health and Social Care organisations rise to the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic, it is important that we now focus on enhancing the behaviours and values that positively impact our workplace cultures.¹ Compassion is essential to building team connections and resilience; nurture this by regularly reflecting and debriefing together. Self-care and self-compassion is essential to allow us to be as well and as full a participant in a team as possible. To avoid burnout, we must take the time we need to consider how we are and what, if any, help we need.

Four behaviours can really make a difference to our wellbeing and the wellbeing of those around us: ²

- **Paying Attention** to how staff and colleagues around us are acting and asking them how they are feeling – this can be really impactful.
- **Understanding** the situations they face
- **Empathising** with the way they feel
- **Helping** by taking thoughtful and appropriate action to help relieve their suffering if possible

We all know the benefit of being treated kindly. Evidence shows that being on the receiving end of uncivil behaviours can negatively impact our wellbeing and ability to provide high quality care.³ It may be easy to recognise and feel aggrieved by unkind behaviours, not rising to these is another matter.

When someone has been rude to us, take time to consider:

- the thought processes and situational factors that may have contributed to their actions
- how to best deal with this, with kindness - should we speak to them about their behaviour? If so when and where? And, most importantly, how we do so; we should aim to underpin these conversations with curiosity and respect.⁴

No matter our position in an organisation, our behaviours have ripple effects. If someone speaks to us about our own behaviours, we need to pause to consider how we may have come across and how we can change things going forward. Taking some time to reflect before we react can allow us to get to a faster and kinder resolution.⁴

A respectful and kind workplace brings enormous benefits to those who work in it and we all have a crucial role to play in ensuring that this is the case.

Useful Resources:

- The Kings Fund - [Michael West: collective leadership for culture change](#)
- The Kings Fund - [Improving NHS culture](#)
- [Civility Saves Lives](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

References

¹Work and wellbeing in the NHS: why staff health matters to patient care. Royal College of Physicians 2015.

² Atkins PWB, Parker SK (2012). 'Understanding individual compassion in organisations: the role of appraisals and psychological flexibility'. *Academy of Management Review*, vol 37, no 4, pp 524–46. ³ Katz, Daniel, et al. "Exposure to incivility hinders clinical performance in a simulated operative crisis." *BMJ quality & safety* 28.9 (2019): 750-757. ⁴ Turner, Chris. Advice on calling out uncivil behaviour. Adapted from 'Calling it out with compassion workshop' by the [Civility Saves Lives Movement](#).

Supporting Positive Mental Health and Wellbeing through Compassionate Leadership

During the pandemic many within the Health and Social Care workforce will be asked to learn new skills, work in different settings, on their own or with new team members or utilise alternative approaches to how they would usually deliver care. This includes digital technologies such as Near Me, Skype and Microsoft Teams 365. The impact of change both professionally and, importantly, personally can understandably cause people to feel anxious or stressed and calls for compassionate professional leadership.

Compassionate leadership means creating the conditions – through consistently listening, understanding, empathising and helping.

Research suggests that the most effective leaders consistently demonstrate compassion by:

- Being present; they pay attention to people and "listen with fascination"
- Empathising with people and their situation
- Having the motivation to help; taking action to make a difference where necessary
- Developing a shared understanding of the situation they face.

Leaders can lead by example, creating a culture where asking for help is seen as courageous and insightful, rather than a sign of weakness; it is ok not to feel ok all of the time. They can also sign-post and engage staff with appropriate support and help.

Regular individual or peer supervision for all team members is essential. Through enacting the principles of compassionate leadership, individuals can be supported to:

- Articulate how they feel
- Consolidate new learning into practice, and remain competent and confident practitioners
- Share experiences and comfortably seek support both professionally and personally
- Have a sense of belonging as part of a team with autonomy and control
- Support each other with empathy and kindness
- Influence decision making within their own area and more widely within their organisation.

Useful Resources:

- SAMH - [Coronavirus mental health information hub](#)
- NHS NES - [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Learning materials for professionals](#)
- [Healthy Working Lives](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

The Role of the Team in Staying Well

Everyone is playing an essential role contributing to the national response to COVID-19. A common feature of a crisis response is the need to form new teams. These often bring together people who are unfamiliar to one another. Currently facing COVID-19, many people within these teams are also faced with new roles that are unfamiliar to them.

The team has a critical role not just in delivering essential health and care services, but also in sustaining resilience and protecting workforce wellbeing. Mental wellbeing in threatening situations is supported by the resilience that exists between people. The connections between team members are, therefore, an essential component in our response to COVID-19 in protecting individuals' physical and mental health both in the immediate and long term. It is vital that within teams in Health and Social Care - whether newly formed or familiar - that meaningful team engagement and participation is enabled.

No matter how short a time, building rapid team reviews into daily team routines – virtual or in person - provides dedicated, predictable space allowing team members to learn together, support each other, understand the team's shared values, celebrate success and reflect on their experiences shared. According to the [Kings Fund](#), time spent on the above reaps a 35% improvement in wellbeing.

When working with teams beyond your own, key principles to hold in mind include:

- Be respectful of other teams when you discuss them
- Be clear with your communication with others to uphold safety and highlight relevant critical information
- Do what is within your team's capability and reflects your responsibilities
- If uncertainty exists between teams, take steps to clarify as a priority
- Don't make commitments on behalf of other teams
- Be mindful that all teams have considerable pressures on them at this time.

Be thoughtful about the needs of others; the success of your team depends on the effective functioning of others.

Useful Resources:

- [CIPD podcast 'Building the best team'](#)
- [Civility Saves Lives](#)
- [Learning from Excellence](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

References

¹FMLM [Leadership and management standards for medical professionals](#)

²RCGP/SA paper on working in teams sent in email to accompany.

³Professor Neil Greenberg, Professor of Defence Mental Health - Wellbeing webinar on behalf of NHS England and NHS Improvement via YouTube, 8th April 2020.

Home Working

Home working as part of lockdown measures – including [shielding](#) and self-isolation - can provide different challenges for each of us. You may be working, as well as managing other caring responsibilities. You may live alone and be feeling lonely as your usual social interaction is on hold. Social isolation and loneliness can have a negative impact on our mental and physical health. During lockdown many of us might feel like we are ‘at home trying to work’ rather than ‘working from home’. Here are some suggestions that may help you while working from home.

Practical considerations

- Most of us don't have a home office so try to find a space that works for you. Think about lighting and noise, and choose somewhere that you feel is conducive to working.
- If you are using a laptop, try to do so at a table if you can and look after your back by avoiding hunching over a keyboard for a long time. Think about changing your posture and moving or standing up to avoid stiffness, aches or pains.
- Make sure you have everything that you need. It's important that you have the right tools to do the job. Speak to your line manager/employer to discuss what you need and how to access this.
- Where possible, set your working times and stick to them. This includes lunches and regular breaks. If you have caring responsibilities which impact on your usual working day - and might include home schooling - discuss with your line manager/employer a new pattern of work that allows you to manage your time, but remember that not everything will always go to plan. If you are a parent or carer, keep in contact with your child's school for information and support.

Wellbeing

- Stay connected. Virtual meetings are a valuable way to stay connected to colleagues. Try to use informal as well as formal meetings and remember the importance of choice about whether you have your camera on or not. A ‘digital’ coffee break with a colleague can be a really effective way of feeling connected to the wider team.
- Take regular breaks and don't be 'on' all the time; remember that video/digital meetings can bring new stressors.
- Work/life boundaries are more important than ever. Have a routine at the start and end of the day; for example, ‘walk to work’, change clothes or tidy away work things to make the change to a different part of life. Once ‘finished for the day’, stay finished. This will help separate your work from your home life.
- Be realistic and compassionate to yourself and colleagues. Many people are juggling working with other competing demands such as home schooling or caring for a family member. We are all doing the best we can, and it's not easy.
- Use the [Going Home Checklist](#), where relevant, to leave work in work.

Further resources:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- The **Health & Safety Executive** have created a short video on [setting up a temporary workstation](#) and provided guidance on working safely with [display screen equipment](#).
- The **Scottish Government** has launched [Parent Club](#) providing tips, ideas and reassurance to those looking after children.
- There is [support for carers](#) on the **Care Information Scotland** website.
- The **Scottish Social Services Council** (SSSC) have produced a short [guide to working from home](#).

- The **Mental Health Foundation** has produced advice on [looking after your mental health while working](#) during the coronavirus outbreak.
- **MIND** has good [advice for managers](#) to support both themselves and their team.
- [MIND.org - Going Home Checklist](#).

Dealing with Isolation and Loneliness

Social Isolation and feelings of loneliness can affect anyone, at any time. It's important that you be aware of your psychological wellbeing as well as your physical health. During this pandemic many people will experience feelings of loneliness. It's important to remember that although you may have been thinking and feeling this way, you are not alone. Feeling lonely or disconnected is natural in these circumstances. There are some things you can do when feeling lonely that might help you connect to what matters and who matters to you:

- Think about times you have felt most connected with other people before – who was it and what was most helpful about it? How can you take action to repeat this?
- Reach out to people by phone or text message; at the start of each week consider making a list of people that you will contact. If you have access to social media, this can be a valuable additional way to keep in touch with family, friends and work colleagues.
- Find things you enjoy and try to think of ways to share these with others.
- If you know someone who is self-isolating or [shielding](#), contact them by telephone to offer a chat and to ask if they need anything brought to them. If you know a person who lives alone and who has no access to a telephone, you might find it helpful to ask them if they have what they need, taking account of current [physical distancing](#) guidance.
- If you know someone who is caring for a vulnerable person, check in with them to see if they need any practical help, or would just like to chat.
- We all have a part to play in supporting each other. Times of crisis can be a good time to make connections to our neighbours and wider communities. Don't be afraid to offer or ask for help if you need it.

Further resources:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- The **Scottish Government** [Clear Your Head](#) website has tips to keep you healthy, active and connected.
- **PsychologyTools.com** have downloadable guidance on [Living with Worry & Uncertainty](#) including an 'activity menu' to help you stay occupied.
- The **World Health Organisation** [Doing What Matters in Times of Stress](#) is a practical evidence based guide on coping with stress (with links to audio exercises for practice).
- **NHS Inform** have produced a '[5 Steps to Mental Wellbeing](#)' resource which includes advice on staying connected.
- **Skills Development Scotland** have produced a resource which highlights [free to access online learning materials](#)

Managing Uncertainty

Although, people usually respond to and cope with stress and adversity without the need to think about individual coping responses, it is expected and understandable that in these challenging times we may need to pause and think about our responses to worries and anxieties linked to uncertainty. Below, are a number of things that we can do to support ourselves and others to respond to uncertainty.

For everyone:

- Remind ourselves that it is normal and predictable to experience worry and apprehension when daily routines are changeable and unpredictable.
- Check in with the sources of information you have available to you to make sure you are kept “in the loop”. This could be individually with colleagues, your manager or updates provided by your organisation.
- If you’d like to talk to someone the Breathing Space telephone and web chat helpline can help if you are stressed, anxious or depressed. It has a wide range of information and tips on how to reduce stress.
- Be kind to yourself; notice your emotional reactions and whether you have any concerns that you are becoming stressed or overwhelmed by anxiety or worry. Tell-tale signs might include feeling agitated or not able to concentrate, or possibly using less safe coping strategies such as drinking too much.
- When you notice that your responses are leading to increased worry, stress or anxiety, pause, acknowledge your concerns and think about responses that have been effective in the past. If these are not working, go to reputable sources of self-care advice such as <https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/28063/coronavirus-covid-19/psychosocial-mental-health-and-wellbeing-support-for-staff>
- When we notice stress and worry linked to uncertainty, instinctively we tend to spend a lot of time thinking about what might happen. In some situations that can be helpful in generating solutions, but in a rapidly changing unpredictable situation, this often intensifies worry and can lead to us becoming more focussed on what is happening in our minds. If you find your attention is becoming focussed on what might or might not happen, try to bring yourself back to the present using some grounding strategies – Russ Harris in this [FACE COVID animation](#) explains how to do that.
- If the suggestions outlined above are not working for you and your stress, anxiety or low mood continue, consider seeking professional help. This might mean contacting your GP, or a support service which you have previously engaged with.

For managers:

- Acknowledge to yourself as a manager that tolerating uncertainty for yourself and your team can be difficult and demanding – accept that your responses too are normal, and don’t have unreasonable expectations of yourself as being able to solve everything.
- Have clear and regular lines of communication with all members of staff, including those who may have been redeployed, are home working or [shielding](#). It will be important to share consistent messages. These should include reference to leadership and management support, as well as recognition and thanks for the contribution that everyone is making.
- In a rapidly evolving situation it can be difficult to be certain, but do continue to keep in contact with staff to ensure that they feel connected, providing information where this is available and encouraging communication (for example daily briefings) so that all staff know where and when

they will next get more information. Updates on ways of working or procedural changes should be concise and only as frequent as necessary.

- Give as much information and as many updates as you can - clearly and regularly - to all staff, to make sure that everyone has the same information at the same time. In particular, remember to stay connected to staff who may not be in the office for whatever reason, including those who are home working, [shielding](#) or awaiting redeployment; out of sight should not mean out of mind.
- If you do not know the answer to something, be open and honest about that but commit to a date and time when you hope to be able to come back to give a further response or update (even if you are only able to say at that stage that you have no further updates).
- Where uncertainty is ongoing, acknowledge this and the impact that will have on staff, and be clear that these are understandable responses to a very difficult evolving situation.
- Recognise that members of staff may have important and stressful things going on in their home lives. These situations may have become more pressured during this time. For example, staff may be trying to juggle home working with providing unpaid care work for family or friends. Staff may welcome a conversation about how to manage this situation and there are helpful resources and tips on how to support working unpaid carers on the [Carer Positive](#) website.
- If you identify any staff who are finding the uncertainty particularly challenging, signpost them to available support.

Further resources:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- The **NHS Education for Scotland** website has materials on [looking after your staff](#) and wider psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support for staff.
- The **NHS Inform** website contains materials on [managing stress](#).
- **Iriss, Social Work Scotland** and **SSSC** have collected [resilience resources](#) for social work and social care workers
- **SSSC** has produced materials on workforce support and wellbeing during the COVID-19 outbreak.
- **SSSC [Thing 14 of 23 Things Leadership](#)** focusses on why resilience is important and building resilience at work
- **SSSC [Thing 20 of 23 Things Leadership](#)** - focusses on organisational capability, what a supportive workplace looks like
- The **Scottish Government [Clear Your Head](#)** website has tips to keep you healthy, active and connected.
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice.

Alcohol Information

The Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak means you may be feeling more stressed or worried than usual.

In times of stress some people can drink more often or more heavily, but it's more important than ever to look after your health and wellbeing.

Drinking alcohol can [impact your health](#) in many different ways and **the more alcohol you drink, the higher your risk**.

Keeping track of your drinking is even more important than usual. Understanding why you drink, being aware of [how many units](#) you are drinking and the ways to [reduce risks](#) to your health and wellbeing can help us make informed choices.

The low risk drinking guidelines advise:

- To keep health risks from alcohol low, both men and women are advised not to drink more than 14 units a week, on a regular basis.
- If you are pregnant, trying for a baby or become pregnant no alcohol is the safest option. Find out more about [alcohol and pregnancy](#).
- For those under 18 years old, the Chief Medical Officer advises that an alcohol-free childhood is the healthiest and best option.
- If you are taking prescription medication, or any other drugs, it is important to be aware of how they interact with alcohol.

You can find further information and guidance about alcohol via the following links:

- [CMO low risk drinking guidelines](#)
- [count14.scot](#)
- Ways to [keep track](#) of your drinking
- [Tips](#) to cut down
- [Further information on where to get help](#).

Choosing to [cut back on how much you drink](#) may help reduce related health risks and any associated complications linked to Coronavirus. Alcohol can reduce the immune system's ability to fight off infectious diseases and have an impact on the health of your heart and lungs.

Social distancing and not having access to usual coping mechanisms or support systems can make people feel lonely and isolated. Work may be a source of stress at this time with changes to the way we work, increased workload and increased absences as staff may have to isolate or take leave for other reasons. However, long term and frequent drinking can actually reduce your mental wellbeing and contribute to feelings of stress and anxiety and impact on your work and performance.

Find out more about looking after [your mental wellbeing](#).

[For further information about alcohol or for support visit:](#)

- <https://www.nhsinform.scot/healthy-living/alcohol>
- <https://www.nhsinform.scot/healthy-living/alcohol/where-to-get-help>

Worried about Finances, Debt or Having enough Money?

Get advice, get what you are due and plan your budget

You may have had to reduce your hours for child care or other caring responsibilities, had a partner furloughed or who has lost their job or had some other change which has affected your household income. So if you are worried about money and paying bills it is important to get advice quickly before it affects your health and wellbeing.

There are many sources of money advice to help sort out finances and make sure you get everything you are due, there might be top up benefits you are entitled to. Access to financial support services may also be available through your workplace.

Making the most of your money

It is possible you are not getting everything you are due or paying too much for some services so it is important to get advice on how to maximise your household income. The organisations below can give you support and guidance:

- Citizens Advice Bureau www.cas.org.uk
- Money Saving Expert Limited <https://www.moneysavingexpert.com/>
- Pension Wise <https://www.pensionwise.gov.uk/en>

Planning your budget

Having a plan of how you spend your money and how you can make sure you have enough to buy what you need and pay your bills can reduce money worries. The Money Advice Service have a simple to use budget planner on its website

Access the budget planner here: <https://www.moneyadvice.org.uk/en/tools/budget-planner>

Debt advice

Debt advice organisations will offer support and guidance on how to deal with the debt that you may be worried about. There are links below to organisations that will help in this situation:

- Debt Advice Foundation www.debtadvicefoundation.org
- Step Change www.stepchange.org
- National Debtline www.mymoneysteps.org

Affordable credit

Scotcash is a Scottish organisation which provides affordable credit without credit checks but uses other ways to provide loans to people who might not get one from traditional financial organisations. It also provides financial support and guidance to help you make the most of your money. Applications can be made online or an appointment can be booked to talk to an adviser.

www.scotcash.net

Supporting Staff Wellbeing

This pandemic is a unique circumstance which has caused stress and uncertainty, creating some significant challenges to our wellbeing. For some, it has led to huge demands on our time and energy. For others, our usual roles may seem diminished at the moment. Many people are juggling home working, home schooling and home caring without the usual things that we know support our wellbeing such as pleasurable activities, routines and good social support. Many people feel the pressure to achieve the same level of focus and productivity whilst also juggling these many priorities, and this can lead to feelings of exhaustion and guilt when they fail. For some people, the risk of being at home with people we are not safe with is real and needs to be urgently responded to. For others, the mental health difficulties that we have struggled with or even resolved are becoming more burdensome.

It is, therefore, completely understandable, normal and predictable that our wellbeing and mental health is varying at the moment. As a manager, it is important to know when we can help staff.

Responding to the universal needs of all staff as an organisation:

- Ensure that basic needs for rest, breaks, hydration and connection are available.
- Establish an environment and organisational culture where seeking help for distress and mental wellbeing is actively welcomed, and team members are able to seek and gain support from one another through informal (like peer support) and more formal (like reflective practice or equivalent) means. For further information on how to support your staff as a manager, please see: <https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/29715/psychosocial-mental-health-and-wellbeing-support/taking-care-of-your-staff>
- Lead by taking active steps to preserve your own wellbeing, as a model for others.
- Encourage staff to be proactive about protecting their wellbeing, to take time to create and implement their own wellbeing plan; they know what works for them but they might need your support to be explicit about it and put it into practice.
- A well-being planner that might be useful to support this conversation is available: <https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/29700/psychosocial-mental-health-and-wellbeing-support/taking-care-of-myself>

Recognising and responding to individual staff needs in a stepped way:

- Create safe opportunities, both formal and informal, for staff to tell you about how they are feeling and coping. This can be done by maintaining contact regularly, and routinely enquiring empathically about wellbeing.
- Respond to distress in the first instance with the principles of Psychological First Aid, if needed: <https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/29711/psychosocial-mental-health-and-wellbeing-support/taking-care-of-other-people>
- Provide information to staff on other sources of support if that is a better option for them - www.promis.scot provides a range of options.
- Recognise the indications that a staff member or colleague may be at risk of experiencing significant difficulties, for example where identified problems with mood, sleep, and other indicators of wellbeing are increasing in severity, persistence, duration or frequency, and usual coping mechanisms are not helping.

How to respond as a manager when you identify a staff member's mental wellbeing may be at risk:

- Respond with active monitoring in the first instance: defined as 'regularly monitoring a person who has some symptoms but who is not currently having clinical intervention (for the condition)¹. It involves monitoring a person's wellbeing with them to see whether it improves, stays the same or gets worse. It does not involve, at this stage, referral for a formal assessment. Active monitoring is designed to support a person to engage with the wellbeing activities such as rest, breaks or activities that allow for natural recovery, usually the norm.
- Support the person to consider who they feel is best placed to monitor their symptoms – this could be their GP, Occupational Health or you, as their manager. This link provides information about resources and support which are available: <https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/29715/psychosocial-mental-health-and-wellbeing-support/taking-care-of-your-staff>. You may wish to signpost your colleague to this information, or work with them to identify which would be most relevant/beneficial to them.
- As a manager, consider routinely incorporating opportunities to discuss any new or existing difficulties into your ongoing management of the member of staff.
- Collaborate with the member of staff to agree whether it would be helpful to arrange regular 'check ins', but do not push them to do so.
- Support staff to understand their own 'warning signs' that might indicate that they need to seek further specialist support.
- Be informed about the range of options that might be available if difficulties persist and have a relatively low threshold for having a conversation with staff about these options.

Additional Resource:

- The SSSC website also contains [advice and guidance to help you look after your own wellbeing, and the wellbeing of others](#).

¹ National Institute for Clinical Excellence

Domestic Abuse

Public health measures to control the spread of COVID-19, like staying at home, social isolation and reduced access to support, have created more opportunities for perpetrators of domestic abuse to offend and increased the risk for women and children who are experiencing domestic abuse. Although men do experience domestic abuse, evidence suggests that in a significant majority of cases the perpetrator is male and the victim is female.

If you or someone you know are experiencing domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home, support and services are still available and operating.

It is important you know that you are not alone. You can contact support services in confidence. **NB** The rules include 'reasonable excuse' for leaving the home if there is a risk of harm.

Also, if it's safe to do so, speak to a manager if it is difficult to work or you need support; for example, if the abuser is preventing you from working or not sharing childcare to make working more difficult for you.

Managing staff

If you are managing staff, you may or may not be aware of domestic abuse issues at home for your staff.

Not everyone would want, or be able, to disclose domestic abuse but you may be the first or only opportunity they have had to tell someone. If you suspect that someone is experiencing abuse, check with them about how they are coping and whether they feel safe at home.

As a manager you can:

- ensure that staff are aware of support services available
- check the impact on their health and wellbeing and how you can best support them
- Have a flexible approach, for example, if it's not safe at home, is it possible that they could access the working environment?

Helplines and resources

- [SafeLives](#) have produced a practical guidance on how to support colleagues experiencing domestic abuse: [Responding to colleagues experiencing domestic abuse](#)
- Resources for managers on violence against women, work and Covid-19 can be found here: <https://www.equallysafeatwork.scot/resources-1/>

Below, are national helplines and online support to contact someone in confidence:

- National Domestic Abuse and Forced Marriage Helpline 0800 027 1234
<https://sdafmh.org.uk/>
- Men's Advice Line 0808 801 0327
- Rape Crisis Scotland 08088 01 03 02, <https://www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk/>
- LGBT Scotland 0300 123 2523, <https://www.lgbthealth.org.uk/services-support/helpline/>
- <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-domestic-abuse/>
- Further links can be found through [SaferScot](#).

Appendix of Support and Resources

Staying Safe and Well

Online support:

- [NHS Scotland Staff Governance Website](#) - Governance and partnership working
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [NHS Inform](#) – Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) – Mental health support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) - Mental health and psychosocial support

Below, are details of **national helplines** and **online support** if you, or someone you know, are experiencing **domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home**:

- [SafeLives](#) have produced a practical guidance on how to support colleagues experiencing domestic abuse: [Responding to colleagues experiencing domestic abuse](#)
- Resources for managers on violence against women, work and Covid-19 can be found here: <https://www.equallysafeatwork.scot/resources-1/>
- National Domestic Abuse and Forced Marriage Helpline 0800 027 1234
<https://sdafmh.org.uk/>
- Men's Advice Line 0808 801 0327
- Rape Crisis Scotland 08088 01 03 02, <https://www.rapecrisisScotland.org.uk/>
- LGBT Scotland 0300 123 2523, <https://www.lgbthealth.org.uk/services-support/helpline/>
- <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-domestic-abuse/>
- Further links can be found through [SaferScot](#).

Emotional Wellbeing

Helplines:

- NHS 24 (111)
- Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87)
- Samaritans (116 123)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Online support:

- [NHS Scotland Staff Governance Website](#) - Governance and partnership working
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) – Mental health and psychosocial support
- [NHS Inform](#) - Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) - Mental health support
- [See Me](#) – Resources to help challenge mental health stigma
- [SAMH](#) – Coronavirus mental health information hub
- [NHS – Mental Health Apps](#)

Sleep

Online support:

- [NHS Inform](#) – How to get to sleep
- [Mind](#) - How to cope with sleep problems
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Social Connections

Helplines:

- NHS 24 (111)
- Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87)

Online support:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) - Mental health and psychosocial support
- [NHS Inform](#) - Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) - Mental health support
- [SAMH](#) – Looking after your mental health in challenging times
- [Penumbra](#) – Coronavirus info hub
- [Samaritans](#) – Coronavirus resources

Below, are details of **national helplines** and **online support** if you, or someone you know, are experiencing **domestic abuse or other forms of violence and control at home**:

- [SafeLives](#) have produced a practical guidance on how to support colleagues experiencing domestic abuse: [Responding to colleagues experiencing domestic abuse](#)
- Resources for managers on violence against women, work and Covid-19 can be found here: <https://www.equallysafeatwork.scot/resources-1/>
- National Domestic Abuse and Forced Marriage Helpline 0800 027 1234
<https://sdafmh.org.uk/>
- Men's Advice Line 0808 801 0327
- Rape Crisis Scotland 08088 01 03 02, <https://www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk/>
- LGBT Scotland 0300 123 2523, <https://www.lgbthealth.org.uk/services-support/helpline/>
- <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-domestic-abuse/>
- Further links can be found through [SaferScot](#).

Eating Well

Online support:

- [WHO](#) – Food and nutrition tips during self-quarantine
- [NHS Inform](#) – Food and nutrition
- [Food Standards Scotland](#) – Eat well everyday
- [Parent Club](#) – Eating well at home
- [Priority shopping hours](#) – During Covid-19 outbreak

Physical Activity

Online support and resources:

- [NHS – Fitness Videos](#)
- Mind - [Physical activity and your mental health](#)
- Sport England - [Stay In, Work Out #StayInWorkOut](#)
- WHO - [Be Active During Covid-19](#)
- Paths for All - [Home based exercises](#)

Resilience

Helplines:

- NHS 24 (111)
- Breathing Space (0800 83 85 87)
- Samaritans (116 123)

Online support:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- [NHS Education for Scotland](#) - Psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support
- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice
- [Mental Health Foundation](#) - Mental health and psychosocial support
- [NHS Inform](#) - Coronavirus (Covid-19) advice
- [Support in Mind Scotland](#) – Mental health support
- [See Me](#) – Talking about mental health during the Coronavirus outbreak
- [SAMH](#) – Coronavirus mental health information hub
- [NHS – Mental Health Apps](#)
- Lifelines - [How to stay well](#)

Culture and Behaviours

Useful Resources:

- The Kings Fund - [Michael West: collective leadership for culture change](#)
- The Kings Fund - [Improving NHS culture](#)
- [Civility Saves Lives](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Compassionate Leadership

Useful Resources:

- Mind - [Taking care of you - our work with emergency departments](#)
- SAMH - [Coronavirus mental health information hub](#)
- NHS NES - [Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Learning materials for professionals](#)
- [Healthy Working Lives](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

The Role of the Team

Useful Resources:

- [CIPD podcast 'Building the best team'](#)
- [Civility Saves Lives](#)
- [Learning from Excellence](#)
- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.

Home Working

Useful Resources:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- The **Health & Safety Executive** have created a short video on [setting up a temporary workstation](#) and provided guidance on working safely with [display screen equipment](#).
- The **Scottish Government** has launched [Parent Club](#) providing tips, ideas and reassurance to those looking after children.
- There is [support for carers](#) on the **Care Information Scotland** website.
- The **Scottish Social Services Council (SSSC)** have produced a short [guide to working from home](#).
- The **Mental Health Foundation** has produced advice on [looking after your mental health while working](#) during the coronavirus outbreak.
- **MIND** has good [advice for managers](#) to support both themselves and their team.
- [MIND.org - Going Home Checklist](#)

Dealing with Isolation and Loneliness

Useful Resources:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- The **Scottish Government** [Clear Your Head](#) website has tips to keep you healthy, active and connected.
- **PsychologyTools.com** have downloadable guidance on [Living with Worry & Uncertainty](#) including an 'activity menu' to help you stay occupied.
- The **World Health Organisation** [Doing What Matters in Times of Stress](#) is a practical evidence based guide on coping with stress (with links to audio exercises for practice).
- **NHS Inform** have produced a '[5 Steps to Mental Wellbeing](#)' resource which includes advice on staying connected.
- **Skills Development Scotland** have produced a resource which highlights [free to access online learning materials](#)

Managing Uncertainty

Useful Resources:

- The [National Wellbeing Hub](#) has been established to help health and social care workers and carers look after their physical and mental health.
- The **NHS Education for Scotland** website has materials on [looking after your staff](#) and wider psychosocial mental health and wellbeing support for staff.
- The **NHS Inform** website contains materials on [managing stress](#).
- **Iriss, Social Work Scotland** and **SSSC** have collected [resilience resources](#) for social work and social care workers.
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- [Breathing Space](#) - Listening, information and advice.

Alcohol Information

Useful Resources:

- Information about [alcohol and pregnancy](#)
- [CMO low risk drinking guidelines](#)
- [count14.scot](#)
- Ways to [keep track](#) of your drinking
- [Tips](#) to cut down
- [Further information on where to get help.](#)
- The **NHS Inform** website contains further resources on [drinking sensibly, knowing your limits and getting support for alcohol abuse](#)

Worried about Finances, Debt or having enough Money?

Useful Resources:

- Citizens Advice Bureau www.cas.org.uk
- Money Saving Expert Limited <https://www.moneysavingexpert.com/>
- Pension Wise <https://www.pensionwise.gov.uk/en>
- [Money Advice Service Budget Planner](#)
- Debt Advice Foundation www.debtadvicefoundation.org
- Step Change www.stepchange.org
- National Debtline www.mymoneysteps.org
- Affordable Credit: www.scotcash.net

Supporting Staff Wellbeing

Useful Resources:

- The **NHS Education for Scotland** website contains:
 - [information to help managers to support the wellbeing of staff](#)
 - a [wellbeing planner](#)
 - information about the principles of [Psychological First Aid](#)
 - resources and support to help consideration of re who would be best placed to monitor symptoms: <https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/29715/psychosocial-mental-health-and-wellbeing-support/taking-care-of-your-staff>
- Other sources of support can be found at www.promis.scot
- The SSSC website also contains [advice and guidance to help you look after your own wellbeing, and the wellbeing of others.](#)

Domestic Abuse

Useful Resources:

- [SafeLives](#) have produced a practical guidance on how to support colleagues experiencing domestic abuse: [Responding to colleagues experiencing domestic abuse](#)
- Resources for managers on violence against women, work and Covid-19 can be found here: <https://www.equallysafeatwork.scot/resources-1/>
- National Domestic Abuse and Forced Marriage Helpline 0800 027 1234 <https://sdfmh.org.uk/>
- Men's Advice Line 0808 801 0327
- Rape Crisis Scotland 08088 01 03 02, <https://www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk/>
- LGBT Scotland 0300 123 2523, <https://www.lgbthealth.org.uk/services-support/helpline/>
- <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-domestic-abuse/>
- Further links can be found through [SaferScot](#).